



University of Isfahan English Proficiency Test (UIEPT) 21 Mehr 1401

دوره 60 برگزاری آزمون بسندگی زبان انگلیسی دانشگاه اصفهان



نكات مهم أزمون:

شەد.



- 1) كليه پاسخها بايد در پاسخنامه علامت زده
- 2) پاسخ سؤالات باید با مداد مشکی نرم و پررنگ در بیضی مربوط مطابق نمونه صحیح علامت گذاری شود.
 - 3) لطفا در دفترچه سؤالات و ذیل پاسخنامه، کلیه مشخصات خواسته شده را درج و امضا نمایید.
 - 4) این آزمون نمره منفی ندارد.
 - 5) زمان آزمون 120 دقیقه می باشد.
- 6) تعداد سوالات 80 سوال به اضافه بخش نوشتاری می باشد. همه سوالات بخشهای شنیداری، گرامر، واژگان و درک مطلب نمره مساوی دارند (هر سوال 1/13 نمره از 100 دارد). بخش نوشتاری 10 نمره از 100 نمره دارد.
 - 7) نمره كلى آزمون از 100 محاسبه مى شود: 100 =10+ 80×1/13=90 +10= 100
- 8) آزمون شامل <u>سوالات</u> شنیداری (15 سوال)، گرامر (25 سوال)، واژگان (15 سوال) و درک مطلب (25 سوال) و نوشتار (یک موضوع انتخابی از دو موضوع داده شده است. سالت. برای بخش نوشتار، باید حدود 150 کلمه در مدت 20 دقیقه در باره موضوع داده شده نوشته شود.
- 9) دفتر چه سؤالات، بدون احتساب صفحه حاضر، <u>11 صفحه</u> دارد. یک برگ پاسخنامه برای سوالات چهارگزینه ای و یک برگ پاسخنامه بخش نوشتاری نیز داده خواهد شد. پاسخنامه اضافی نوشتاری تحویل نخواهد شد ولی در صورت نیاز می توانید از صفحه پشت پاسخنامه نوشتاری استفاده کنید. از پشت صفحه دفتر چه سوالات نیز می توانید به عنوان پیش نویس استفاده کنید.
 - 10) نمرات به صورت کارنامه تا 48 ساعت بعد از برگزاری آزمون، در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir اعلام خواهد شد.
- 11) هرگونه نظر در خصوص آزمون و یا تذکر اشکال احتمالی را می توانید به ایمیل رسمی مرکز زبان آموزی به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir@gmail.com ارسال فرمایید.
 - 12) به عنوان نمونه سؤال، در این نوبت آزمون، پس از تحویل پاسخنامه، می توانید دفترچه سؤالات را به همراه خود ببرید.
- 13) کلید اولیه سوالات بلافاصله پس از آزمون در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی قرار می گیرد. اگر در هنگام آزمون، پاسخ هر سوال را علاوه بر درج در پاسخنامه، در کنار هر سوال هم بگذارید، پس از آزمون می توانید نمره خود را محاسبه نمایید و نیز اشکالات خود را ملاحظه نمایید.
 - 14) برای شما داوطلبین گرامی شرکت در این آزمون، آرزوی موفقیت داریم.

تا ئسمارە	از شماره	تعداد سؤال	مواد امتحانی
15	1	15	شنیداری
40	16	25	گرامر
55	41	15	واژگان
80	56	25	درک مطلب
	بخش E	یک موضوع از دو موضوع داده شده	نوشتاری

و نام خانوادگی:	نام ر
ره دانشجویی:	شمار
،/گرایش تحصیلی:	رشته
گاه /دانشکده:	دانش

For more information on the exam, you may visit our official website: ulc.ui.ac.ir

Part A: Listening

Listen and mark your answers to questions 1-15 in the answer sheet. The audio will be played only once.

به فایل صوتی با دقت گوش دهید و پاسخ سؤالات 1 تا 15 را در پاسخنامه علامت بزنید. فایل صوتی تنها یک بار

Section A: Questions 1-10.

1) What does the woman say about J

a) She's tired of teaching.

c) She was dismissed from her job.

b) She's changing jobs.

d) The school is too hot.

2) Why does the woman say she was late?

- a) She got up later than usual.
- c) The bus was late.

b) She forgot her class.

d) Her clock was wrong.

3) What are the speakers discussing?

a) The weather report.

- c) The traffic report.
- b) Directions to Interstate 4.
- d) Their disgust with careless drivers.

4) What does the woman say about the professor's class?

- a) She thinks his tests are too long. c) She doesn't think he prepares well enough
- b) She doesn't like his choice of test questions.. d) She thinks his lectures are boring.

5) What does the man say is the first program he's going to watch?

- a) A movie
- b) A documentary
- c) A soccer game
- d) A comedy

6) Which country does the woman say is Susan's present home?

- a) America
- b) Englan.

- c) Switzerland
- d) Sweden

7) What had the man assumed about Careen?

- a) She had not applied to Stetson.
- c) She had not worked very hard.
- b) She was certain to be admitted.
- d) She was not likely to be admitted.

a) She got scratched	in the wild berry	bushes.				
b) She got cut at the wild picnic celebration.						
c) She was allergic t	c) She was allergic to the fruit that she had eaten.					
d) She was trying to	get a suntan at tl	ne picnic.				
9) How does the ma	an say he spells	his last name	e?			
a) Wiwtner.	b) Wittner.	c) W	ittmer.	d) Iitn	er.	
10) What is the ma	n probably goin					
a) Go out of town		c) Help the v	woman prepare f	for her n	neeting	
b) Work with the wo	oman	d) Work who	en the woman w	as supp	osed to work	
1						
Section B: Quest	tions 11-15.					
11) Where did this	conversation m	ost likely tak	ke place?			
a) In a clothing store	b) In co	ustoms	c) At a bank		d) In a liquor store	
12) How many cour		oman visit?				
a) 1	b) 2		c) 3		d) 4	
12) W/b-4 J4b						
13) What does the i		man to do?	a) Ta anan ha			
a) To make a list of her purchases			c) To open her suitcased) To show him the bottles of wine			
b) To pay \$300 duty			a) To snow n	ım the c	otties of wine	
14) What did the w	oman have to d	eclare?				
a) Plants	b) Wine	c) M	ant	d) Cas	h	
a) I failts	U) WINE	C) IVI	Cat	u) Cas	511	
15) She bought all of the following items EXCEPT:						
a) Books			·= 4 ·			
	b) Native arts	and crafts	c) Costumes	d) Sui	tcases	

8) What does the woman say happened to her?

Part B: Grammar

Section 1. Read each test item carefully and answer the questions by choosing the answer (a), (b), (c) or (d). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.

تشخيص گزينه <u>صحيح</u>

16) How much me	eat on the plate?				
a) there is	b) there are	c) is there	d) are there		
17) She did not ha	ave an umbrella, so I gav	ve her			
a) mine	b) your	c) their	d) her		
18) You can turn	off the television. I it.				
a) am not watching	b) can't watch	c) would rather wa	tch d) may watch		
19) The poet felt t	that his work				
a) may be have	b) could have	c) shall be	d) might have been		
20) the reptiles	alive today is capable o	of flight.			
a) No	b) None of	c) Not one	d) Not		
21) , you can st	tay the whole summer.				
a) Whoever is cond	cerned	c) As you are	concerned for it		
b) As far as I am co	oncerned	d) Concerning	d) Concerning you and me		
22) Thomas Eakir	ns studied not only paint	ing anatomy when	he was training to become		
an artist.	• •	Ç ,	g		
a) moreover	b) but also	c) as well	d) and		
23) Although topo	ology is the youngest bra	anch of geometry,	is considered the most		
sophisticat	ed.				
a) but it	b) so it	c) it	d) however it		
24) Energy can be	e defined as the ability	···			
a) do working	b) to do work	c) doing work	d) work to be done		

25) An electromagnet is created electrical current through a coil of wire.						
a) by passing	b) passes by	c) to be passed	d) passed			
26) Power tools re	quire careful handlii	ng injuries.				
a) by avoiding	b) they avoid	c) to avoid	d) that avoid			
27) the seeds of	the Kentucky coffee	e plant are poisonous.				
a) Until they have b	been cooked	c) (c) Cooking them			
b) They have been	cooked	d) (Coked until			
	luction in 1960, the f ring flat sheets of gla	-	orld's principal method of			
a) by which it becar	me b) it becam	ne c) became	d) which became			
Section 2. Choose the underlined words or phrases that need to be corrected. Mark the answers on your answer sheet.						
29) <u>When</u> John <u>bro</u>	oke the glass, he <u>felt t</u> c	badly . d				
30) If a sentence is a	excessively long, <u>the</u> b	y <u>may</u> be difficult <u>to c</u> c	<mark>omprehend</mark> . d			
31) The boy's paren	nts <u>have taught him</u> t a b	1				
	a b	c d				
32) Of the two candidates applying for the position , there is no doubt that Jim is likely to be a b c the most favored .						
d						
33) I <u>had</u> <u>barely</u> re	turned to my seat whe	en <u>the third</u> act <u>begun</u> c d				
34) The <u>reason</u> for a snowfall.	the postponement of b	f today's meeting is bee	cause of the ten-inch c d			

35) His health was	adversely effected	by the freezing climate or	f the <u>northern</u> coast.	
	a b	c	d	
36) Neither the new	spapers nor the loca	al television station repo r	t the <u>majority</u> of crimes	
	a	b	c	
committed.			-	
d				
37) If we <u>had</u> an ag	enda, the meeting w	r <mark>ould not have</mark> degenerat	ed <u>into</u> random <u>squabbling</u> .	
a		b	c d	
38) Everybody in the	he choir except for	Meryl and \underline{I} had \underline{sung} the	hymn previously.	
a	b	c d		
39) Almost 20 perc	<u>ent</u> of Finland's pop	oulation, <u>closely</u> 900,000	people, live in the ten-region	
a		b	c	
metropolitar	n area <u>of</u> Helsinki.			
	d			
40) M+		·:	-1CC4111	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	nixture of corn and wheat	chaff <u>rather than</u> chemicals.	
a	b		c d	
Part C: Vo	ocabulary			
Read each test	item carefully and	answer the questions b	y choosing the answer (a),	
(b), (c) or (a). The	n mark the correct	choice on your answer s	sneet.	
	(Vocabula	ary Part 1: Gap-Filling)	
41) He can how	to make a kite.			
a) explain	b) examine	c) practice	d) explain	
42) A has paintings, vases, and other things from long time ago.				
12,12 000 11005 50011101	ings, vases, and oth	er things from long time	e ago.	
, <u>-</u>	ings, vases, and oth b) library	er things from long time c) basement	e ago. d) museum	
a) playground	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	
a) playground	b) library	c) basement	<u> </u>	
a) playground43) Tom's cousin is	b) library s a in a big depa	c) basement	d) museum	
a) playground	b) library	c) basement	<u> </u>	

44) The little boy	that he was fly	ing.			
a) smelled	b) dreamed	c) needed	d) brushed		
	•	hould know that his dreams will	be some day.		
a) demolished	b) abolished	c) battered	d) shattered		
, · · ·	-	of the countryside to city noise.	1)		
a) permanent	b) prevalent	c) transient	d) tranquil		
47) Teenagers can b tolerant.	e more to so	cial problems than aged people.	Γhe latter are more		
a) admirable	b) vulnerable	c) viable	d) amenable		
a) admirable	o) vullicitudic	c) viable	d) differidote		
	Vocabi	ulary Part 2: Synonym			
48) At the back of the receptors.	ne human eye, t	here is an area which contains 15	50 million light		
a) containers	b) enclosures	c) receivers	d) receptacles		
49) New chemical processes now make it <u>feasible</u> to separate four or five different mineral substances from copper ore.					
a) plausible	b) allowable	c) obtainable	d) practicable		
		vkward, it has the <u>distinction</u> of b	eing the largest and		
most poweri	ful deer in the w	vorla.			
a) peculiarity	b) uniqueness	c) admiration	d) influence		
51) Yurts are circula winds.	ar dwellings wi	th doomed roofs capable of withs	tanding strong		
a) opposing	b) counteracting	g c) avoiding	d) resisting		
FA 1 1 4 1 200					
		te that conference in Puerto Ricoattend	d) decide		
a) construct	b) do	c) attend	d) decide		
53) The rule states that if a boxer is knocked down, he must stay down for a <u>mandatory</u> Eight seconds.					
a) long	b) delayed	c) obligatory	d) crucial		
-		20			
		very effort to sell the old house.	d) hand for		
a) blocked	b) assisted	c) reported	d) hoped for		
55) If you send me a	memorandum	, I'll surely remember to attend t	he meeting.		
		c) cost analysis			

Part D: Reading Comprehension



Read the texts carefully and choose the best answer to the questions that follow.

Reading 1

Elizabeth Blackwell was born in England in 1821 and emigrated to New York City when she was ten years old. One day she decided that she wanted to become a doctor. That was nearly impossible for a woman in the middle of the nineteenth century. After writing many letters seeking admission to medical schools, she was finally accepted by a doctor in Philadelphia. So determined was she that she taught



school and gave music lessons to earn money for her tuition.

In 1849, after graduation from medical school, she decided to further her education in Paris. She wanted to be a surgeon, but a serious eye infection forced her to **abandon** the idea.

Upon returning to the United States, she found it difficult to start her own practice because she was a woman. By 1857, Elizabeth and her sister, also a doctor, along with another female doctor, managed to open a new hospital, the first for Women and children. Besides being the first female physician in the United States and **founding** her own hospital. She also established the first medical school for women.

56) Why couldn't Elizabeth Blackwell realize her dream of becoming a surgeon?

- a) She couldn't get admitted to medical school.
- b) She decided to further her education in Paris.
- c) A serious eye infection halted her quest.
- d) It was difficult for her to start a practice in the United States.

57) What main obstacle almost destroyed Elizabeth's chances for becoming a doctor?....

a) She was a woman.

- c) She wrote too many letters.
- b) She couldn't graduate from medical school.
- d) She couldn't establish her hospital.

58) How many years elapsed between her graduation from medical school and the opening of her hospital?....

a) 8

b) 10

c) 19

d) 36

59) All of the following are "firsts" in the life of Elizabeth Blackwell EXCEPT

- a) she became the first female physician in the United States
- b) she was the first woman surgeon in the United States
- c) she and several other women founded the first hospital for women and children
- d) she established the first medical school for women

60) How old was Elizabeth Blackwell when she graduated from medical school?....

a) 10

b) 21

c) 28

d) 36

61) The word "abandon" in line 11 is closest in meaning to

- a) undertake
- b) give up
- c) continue
- d) look into

62) What is the main idea of this passage? Elizabeth Blackwell

- a) overcame serious obstacles to become the first woman doctor in the United States.
- b) had to abandon her plans to become a doctor because of an eye infection.
- c) even taught music to pay for her medical studies.
- d) founded the first medical school for women.

63) The word "founding" in line 15 means most nearly the same as

- a) locating
- b) looking for
- c) establishing
- d) buying

64) Why was it nearly impossible for Elizabeth Blackwell to get into medical school?

- a) She had a serious eye infection.
- b) She had little or no money to pay tuition.
- c) She wanted to be part of a profession that no woman had ever entered before.
- d) Her family didn't want her to be a doctor.

Reading 2

A recent investigation by scientists at the U.S. Geological Survey shows that strange animal behavior might help predict earthquakes. Investigators found such occurrences within a ten-kilometer radius of the **epicenter** of a fairly



recent quake. Some birds screeched and flew about wildly; dogs yelped and ran around uncontrollably.

Scientists believe that animals can perceive environmental changes several hours or even days before the mishap. Animals were noted as being restless for

several weeks before a Tashkent, Uzbekistan, earthquake. An hour before the disaster, domestic animals refused to go indoors, and dogs howled and barked furiously. In 1960, an earthquake struck Agadir in Morocco. Survivors recall that stray animals, including dogs, were seen streaming out of town before the earthquake. In a safari zoo near San Francisco, llamas would not eat the evening before a 1979 quake, and they ran around wildly all night.

Unusual animal behavior preceding earthquakes has been noted for centuries. British Admiral Robert Fitzroy reported huge flocks of screaming seabirds over Concepción, Chile, in 1835. An hour and a half later, dogs were seen fleeing, and ten minutes later the town was destroyed. Similar stories of chickens running around in apparent states of panic, horses trembling, and dogs barking incessantly were recorded throughout the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries by survivors of earthquake destruction in India, Yugoslavia, Peru, Mexico, and the United States.

In 1976, after monitoring bizarre animal behavior, the Chinese predicted a **devastating** earthquake. Although hundreds of thousands of people were killed, the government was able to **evacuate** millions of other people and thus keep the death toll at a lower level.

65) What prediction may be made by observing animal behavior?

- a) An impending earthquake
- b) The number of people who will die
- c) The ten-kilometer radius from the epicenter
- d) The fact that an earthquake has occurred

66) The author implies that animals are aware of an impending earthquake because

- a) of their superior intelligence
- b) they have certain instinctive abilities to perceive that humans do not possess
- c) they are generally closer to the epicenter than the human observers
- d) they react to other animal behavior

67) The word "evacuate" in line 25 is closest in meaning to

- a) remove
- b) exile
- c) destroy
- d) emaciate

68) All of the following statements are true EXCEPT....

- a) some animals may be able to sense an approaching earthquake
- b) by observing animal behavior scientists perhaps can predict earthquakes
- c) the Chinese have successfully predicted an earthquake and saved many lives
- d) only dogs and horses seem to possess the special perception that allows them to predict earthquakes

69) In line 6, the word "epicenter" is nearest in meaning to

- a) stratosphere
- b) contour
- c) periphery
- d) core

70) The passage implies that if scientists can accurately predict earthquakes, there will be

a) fewer animals going crazy

c) a lower death rate

b) fewer people evacuated

d) fewer environmental changes

71) In line 23, "devastating" means most nearly the same as

- a) destructive
- b) voracious
- c) intense
- d) forthcoming

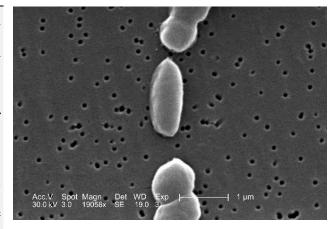
72) The main idea of this passage is that

- a) earthquakes can be prevented by observing animal behavior
- b) scientists can interpret animal behavior
- c) observing animal behavior can help people prepare for earthquakes
- d) people need to prepare animals for earthquakes



Reading 3

Vibrio parahaemolyticus is a bacterial organism that has been isolated from sea water, shellfish, finfish, plankton, and salt springs. It has been a major cause of food poisoning in Japan, compelling the Japanese to do several studies on it. They have confirmed the



presence of *V. parahaemolyticus* in the north and central Pacific, with the highest abundance in **inshore** waters, particularly in or near large harbors.

A man named Nishio studied the relationship between the chloride content of sea water and the seasonal distribution of *V. parahaemolyticus* and concluded that while the isolation of the organism was independent of the sodium chloride content, the distribution of the bacteria in sea water was dependent on the water temperature. In fact, <u>it</u> has been isolated in high frequencies during summer, from June to September, but was not isolated with the same frequency in winter.

Within four or five days after eating <u>contaminated</u> foods, a person will begin to experience diarrhea, the most common symptom; <u>this</u> will very often be accompanied by stomach cramps, nausea, and vomiting. Headache and fever, with or without chills, may also be experienced.

73) Which of the following vibrio parahaemolytic	•	ould be most likely to have	a high concentration of
a) A bay	b) A sea	c) The middle of the occ	ean d) Sediment
74) The word "inshora" a) near the coast	e" in line 9 is close b) deep	est in meaning to c) active	d) cold
75) The word <i>"it"</i> in l	ine 13 refers to	•	
a) Vibrio parahaemoly	ticus	c) sea wa	ater
b) sodium chloride cor	ntent	d) water	temperature
a) August	b) November	n the north Pacific is prob c) July arahaemolyticus poisoning	d) September
a) nausea	b) diarrhea	c) vomiting	=
78) The word "this" i	b) symptoms	c) a person	d) diarrhea
79) The incubation pe			1) 1 .1
a) 2 to 3 days	b) 3 to 4 hours	c) 4 to 5 days	d) several months
80) In line 16, "contain	minated" is closest	in meaning to	
a) ocean	b) tainted	c) salty	d) cooked

Part E: Writing

- 81) Choose <u>one</u> of the following topics and write an essay about it. Write for at least 100 words in no more than 20 minutes.
- **A)** Some people believe that violence on television and in computer games has a damaging effect on the society. To what extent do you agree with this view? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own experience or knowledge.
- **B)** Big salary is much more important than job satisfaction. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give reasons for your answer and include any relevant examples from your own experience or knowledge.

